

The Manassas Journal

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MANASSAS, VA., FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 6, 1918

\$1.00 A YEAR IN ADVANCE

MR. W. B. DOAK DENIES CHARGE

That he "Goes About Putting Poisoned Bread or Biscuit Into People's Yards."

(By W. B. Doak.)

I absolutely deny the charge that I "Go about putting poisoned bread or biscuit into people's yards"—also that my wife or daughter tried to bribe the colored witness. Dogs I have killed, but never an innocent one.

More than for personal consideration, the rights of the land, desecration of the Sabbath and gross injustice to the sheep industry, demand that I make known to the public conditions which discourage many farmers in their efforts to make land more productive by maintaining flocks—better suited to our broken section than any other animals.

Virginia state laws make it a misdemeanor to fail to list dogs, or allow them to run at large, or to hunt on Sunday—all of which are criminal offenses, and have constantly been practiced by the occupants of the place in question, which lies between "Woodburn" and the Bull-Run-bound pastures, rented, is passed almost daily in going to see the sheep and goats. (Reference is made to this pasture advisedly, because it illustrates the economic necessity for both the sheep and goat to this section. Neither will cross a stream of any size. In fact, have a profound aversion to wet feet. This 150 acres were abandoned some years ago, it being found practically impossible to either farm or graze with other stock. Bull Run makes a loop almost around it, fifty rods of woven wire goes from bank to bank, which completes a perfect enclosure for sheep.)

This Mr. Kendrick never made his home here, but put a colored family and some dogs in charge—and nothing else, as contributions to country life. Like many other colored folk, these dogs were added unto. Kendrick admitted that the dogs were neither listed nor taxed, but tried to dodge the law by saying the "valuable little puppy of unknown pedigree—weight seven or eight pounds—was under six months of age (which seems queer when one considers that it apparently did not grow any from the time it began to enjoy the freedom of country life, for no pretense was made to confine it. One naturally would have a mental start when thinking of what immense creatures the bull dog, hound, etc., would be when grown, if they too, were "puppies" under six months of age.)

Although local magistrates had been repeatedly warned of damage these dogs were doing at large, and his record of complete failure to allow farmers legal protection from them, the public will be astonished to learn that the first time one of these dogs are reported dead, he goes eight miles to the courthouse to get a criminal warrant out for an admittedly unlisted, untaxed dog—itsself not within the statute. Following this, reputable parties stating that a decision had already been made, and the failure to procure full bench, we willingly let the matter go up to a higher court. This require was repeatedly appealed to, and even after offering to send for him, he never came to look at damage done; it seems would have allowed entire flocks destroyed without making effort

(Continued on Page Two)

PRESBYTERIAN PICNIC

Was Enjoyed by Congregation and Sunday School.

The picnic of the Presbyterian Sunday School and congregation was enjoyed on Friday last at Compton farm, by the kind permission of the owner, Mr. A. L. Emmons.

The place chosen, at the inner edge of the woods nearest town, was perfectly dry, notwithstanding the recent heavy rains. After the speedy journey by automobile and truck had ended, it was only a few minutes before rugs were spread for the seating and chatting of the older people and swings were erected for the girls, while the boys started at once for the stream.

Soon hunger developed, resulting in preparations for dinner, which was a community affair, everybody sitting down together to sandwiches, chicken, fruits and even a few cakes. Later ice cream was served, plate after plate, until everybody cried "enough" and longed, not for ice cream, but for ice cream capacity.

Shortly games were started, the winners being as follows: Boys' sack race, Wilbur Rosenberger; potato race, Lenton Arrey; men's sack race, Robert Jarman; adults' running race, Wilbur Rosenberger; small boys' sack race, Warren Rosenberger; small girls' running race, Ruth Shazrett; large girls' running race, Elsie Rosenberger; small boys' running race, Robert Saunders; boys' running race, James Garrett.

The day had been a perfect one, but late in the afternoon a storm was seen developing in the west, so all the automobiles started on the return trip, delivering their passengers at home safely and dry.

YOU MUST REGISTER

Every Man Between 18 and 45 Years Compelled to do So.

Thursday, Sept. 12th, has been set by President Wilson as the date for registration for the army draft of all men in the United States between the ages of 18 and 45, inclusive. It is expected that around thirteen million will register. Questionnaires will not be given out that day. A drawing will be held later to determine the order for service. If on the day set you are one of the men between the ages of 18 and 45 (both inclusive) you must register.

This means that if your 18th birthday comes on or before the day set you must register. It means that if you have not reached your 46th birthday on the day set you must register. The only exception is that if you are between the ages of 21 and 31 and you have already registered in the previous draft or if you are now in the United States Army or Navy, you need not register.

Penalty for failure to register is one year imprisonment and no man can exonerate himself by the payment of a fine. Ignorance of the law is no excuse—it is your duty to find out where to register and when to register. For the convenience of those who must register on the 12th of September, the following locations will be open on that date: Hoadley, R. W. Crouch; Occoquan, Tyson Janney; Dumfries, L. E. Merchant; Quantico, Benjamin Purvis; Joplin, B. F. Liming; Independent Hill, T. I. Sullivan; Horton's M. C. Suthard.

AGRICULTURAL HIGH SCHOOL

Will Open Wednesday Morning—Program in Ruffner Auditorium at 10 O'clock.

The Manassas Agricultural High School will begin its fall term on Wednesday morning. The opening program will be presented in the Ruffner auditorium Wednesday morning at 10 o'clock, at which time the families and friends of students are invited to be present.

While all indications point to a good attendance for the coming year, the principal, Miss Osbourn, places special emphasis on the importance of keeping boys in school. In many quarters it is believed that the war, with its attending excitement, the labor question and other related problems, are apt to distract the attention of the average schoolboy from the value of education. School authorities everywhere are eager to stress the importance and the necessity of a complete education for the proper assumption of military duty, if need should come, and for the trying days of reconstruction, when the close of this war shall present problems such as the world has never known.

It is understood that Governor Davis, appreciating the gravity of the situation, is in touch with a plan of the Y. M. C. A. to encourage every boy of school age to make the most of the opportunity to continue his education. The high school this year offers the same advantages in agricultural, academic, normal and commercial courses. It is expected that military training will be continued, and that the girls will have classes in physical education. Mr. R. O. Bibb will return as janitor and will continue his work with the Boy Scouts. Mrs. W. L. Sanders, a member of the faculty, is in charge of the Girl Scouts. Manual training classes also are scheduled among the duties of the agricultural director.

The faculty is as follows: Miss E. H. Osbourn, of Manassas, principal; Mr. W. M. Kishpaugh, Baltimore, Md., director of agriculture; Miss Lulu D. Metz, Manassas, domestic science and Latin; Mrs. W. L. Sanders, Manassas, normal training and French; Miss A. B. Kirk, Richmond, English and history; Miss Mary J. Cox, Manassas, mathematics and chemistry; Miss Willette R. Myers, Manassas, commercial department; Mrs. C. E. L. Hodge, music and expression.

Announcement was made of plans for a reception on the evening of the fourth of September in honor of the Prince William boys leaving for Camp Lee on the following day, the celebration to be held at the Presbyterian manse.

A vote of thanks was extended to Eastern College, for the use of the college auditorium and grounds for the Home Service conference, and to the O. F. A. Band for the music rendered on the same occasion.

Miss Sallie Larkin suggested that the Chapter co-operate with the movement to save peach stones, nutshells, etc., for making gas masks for the Army, and Mrs. J. C. Meredith was placed in charge of the Chapter committee, which was authorized to place receptacles in suitable public places for the collection of these articles.

Announcement also was made of the need of black walnut wood for the making of gun stocks and airplane propellers.

WORTHLESS STOCK SALES

"Blue Sky" Law Protects Public from Speculative Securities.

The Journal has received the following letter from Alexander Forward of the State Corporation Commission:

"For the protection of your people from being defrauded by the sale of worthless stock, will you not kindly give space in your paper to the following item:

"In past years thousands of people in Virginia have been defrauded of substantial amounts of money, sometimes representing the savings of a lifetime, through the sale of worthless stock. The legislature at its last session passed what is called the "blue sky" law, giving the State Corporation Commission supervision over the sale of speculative securities. The Commission desires to make this law a real protection to the public, and in order to do this, it needs public co-operation. People to whom are offered stock for sale are urged to demand the evidence that the law has been complied with, in the shape of a certificate issued by the Commission. If it is not forthcoming, write full particulars to the State Corporation Commission, Richmond, Virginia, giving the name of the corporation whose shares are offered, with the name and address of its agent. Heavy penalties are provided for those who break the law.

STATED MEETING OF RED CROSS

Enrollment of New Members—Quantico Branch Organized—Other Business.

A regular meeting of the Manassas Red Cross Chapter was held at the Town Hall Monday evening at 8 o'clock. The meeting was called to order by the chairman, Mr. Geo. G. Tyler, after which the invocation was pronounced by Rev. H. Q. Burr. The minutes of the previous meeting were read by the secretary and approved. The secretary announced the receipt of the following contributions: Candy made by Red Cross member and sold at Dowell's Pharmacy, \$4.80; Mrs. A. C. Strother \$1.00, and contributions for comfort kits received by Miss Isabel Kelley, \$6.00.

Rev. Mr. Burr reported the enrollment of fourteen new members at the conference of August 23, stating that other members of the special membership committee had not made report.

The chairman announced that a party composed of Rev. A. Stuart Gibson, member of the Home Service committee; Rev. T. D. D. Clark, Rev. Afford Kelley, Rev. J. M. Bell and Mr. G. Raymond Ratcliffe, treasurer, had gone to Quantico that night to assist in organizing the Quantico Branch of the Red Cross.

This Branch in requesting a visit from Chapter representatives reported the enrollment of 300 members. Mr. R. G. Koiner, the new farm demonstration agent for Prince William county, who was introduced by the chairman, expressed his desire to co-operate in the work of the Red Cross and offered to assist when possible in taking speakers to various parts of the county.

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Announcement also was made of the need of black walnut wood for the making of gun stocks and airplane propellers.

The group included Mrs. B. J. Holden, her sister-in-law, Mrs. E. A. Finnell, Misses Katie and Estelle Holden, Mr. and Mrs. C. L. Fleming and children, Hope and Blakemore, and Mr. and Mrs. A. S. Harrison and sons, Holden and Ray, and Mr. and Mrs. R. N. Wrenn and son, Raymond, of Herndon, Mr. and Mrs. R. A. Hutchison and daughters, Ruth and Elizabeth, and Mr. and Mrs. E. Wood Weir, of Manassas, and Mr. and Mrs. T. S. Holden and son, Thomas, of Oklahoma, with Miss Tillie DeBell as honorary guest.

Refreshments were served on the lawn and pictures taken of the group.

FIFTEEN MILLION IN WAR SAVINGS STAMPS

Prince William County Has Subscribed \$76,500, out of Total Allotment of \$250,000.

Richmond, Va., Sept. 4, 1918. Editor The Journal, Manassas, aV.

To date Virginia has sold and pledged fifteen million dollars of War Savings Stamps out of a total allotment of forty-five million dollars. Is our patriotism of the thirty per cent type? North Carolina, Tennessee, Mississippi and other Southern states have practically raised their entire quota.

The report from Prince William county indicates that your people have subscribed \$76,500, or \$6.02 per capita out of a total allotment of \$20 per capita, or \$250,000.

I, therefore, call upon all patriotic and loyal citizens of your community to respond to this appeal.

Put your service at the disposal of Mr. G. Raymond Ratcliffe, your local director, Pledge yourself to buy maximum amount of \$1,000 if possible. After a careful and conscientious survey of your resources you are unable to purchase this amount, then subscribe for as much as you possibly can afford. Nothing that you can do for yourself or family means more than putting aside now money (when its purchasing power is less than ever before, the same to be returned to you at a time when it can be used to much greater advantage.

Coupled with this personal appeal comes the greater call for service and sacrifice. Our Virginia boys are already giving their lives that those at home may live in peace and prosperity. No person who fails to lend his money to the government under existing conditions can live with a clear conscience after the war, and no able bodied man who fails to work, save and participate to the fullest extent in this call upon his patriotism is worthy of the title "Virginian." Read this carefully, think it over prayerfully, and execute a pledge card to purchase War Savings Stamps today to the full limit of your ability.

THOS. B. MCADAMS, Director for Virginia

FAMILY REUNION

Held at "Elsmore," the Home of Mrs. B. J. Holden.

A family reunion was held at "Elsmore," the home of Mrs. B. J. Holden, on Sunday afternoon, August 25, all of her children and grandchildren being home for the occasion.

The group included Mrs. B. J. Holden, her sister-in-law, Mrs. E. A. Finnell, Misses Katie and Estelle Holden, Mr. and Mrs. C. L. Fleming and children, Hope and Blakemore, and Mr. and Mrs. A. S. Harrison and sons, Holden and Ray, and Mr. and Mrs. R. N. Wrenn and son, Raymond, of Herndon, Mr. and Mrs. R. A. Hutchison and daughters, Ruth and Elizabeth, and Mr. and Mrs. E. Wood Weir, of Manassas, and Mr. and Mrs. T. S. Holden and son, Thomas, of Oklahoma, with Miss Tillie DeBell as honorary guest.

Refreshments were served on the lawn and pictures taken of the group.

Mr. and Mrs. Albert Speden and family returned home on Tuesday, after a visit of several days with Mayor and Mrs. A. O. Weedon, of Warrenton.

MINISTERIAL RESOLUTION

Dr. H. U. Roop Dropped From Roll of Members.

At a meeting of the Ministerial Association on Thursday night, September 5, the following resolution was adopted unanimously, and the local papers requested to publish the action in full:

In the great world war now in action the United States is looked upon as the great "Conservator of Moral Values." The churches of America are expected to be the chief factors in this important maintaining of moral standards. Each community will be responsible for doing its share in upholding these ideals, not merely in regard to international affairs, but particularly in matters of a local nature. Religious and industrial leaders, above all others, should keep themselves "unspotted from the world" and, when exhibiting moral lapses, should be dealt with promptly and courageously, with greater severity even than those not having had strict training in addition to the greater knowledge of the right that comes to those prominent in uplift activities.

A member of our Ministerial Association, Dr. H. U. Roop, having had a reputation for financial irregularity before coming to Manassas as president of Eastern College, of which we have only recently become cognizant; having within the past year, in Alexandria, Va., plead guilty to using a cancelled postage stamp "unduly and feloniously" on a letter and paid a fine of \$250, while claiming innocence in Manassas and reflecting on the integrity of the court, the members of the Ministerial Association and various citizens of Manassas; and having in college advertisements made misleading statements regarding his scholastic attainments, the college building and equipment in Manassas, the curriculum of the college, and the possibility of entering higher institutions of learning after graduating from certain departments of Eastern College.

We, therefore, as members of the Ministerial Association, regarding Dr. Roop as a man whose conduct is unbecoming a Christian, particularly an educated minister and teacher, thus rendering him unfit to act as a moral leader in the community and a preceptor of the youth who are in or who may temporarily reside in our community, hereby express our conviction that he should be expelled from our fellowship, and accordingly we erase his name from our roll of members.

ALBORD KELLEY, Pres.
H. Q. BURR, Secretary.
T. D. B. CLARK.
ALEX. STUART GIBSON.

Willie Worster, 16-year-old white boy of Fairfax, Va., has been sent to the Hospital for the Criminal Insane at Staunton, after being adjudged insane, following an attack on a negro girl on the Willard place, near Fairfax. He attacked a young white girl near Burkes Station about a year ago, and served several months at the Staunton institution, but was released. He later lived at Alexandria.—Alexandria Gazette.

Mr. James Lawrence Hooff, of Altoona, Pa., who has been visiting his sister, Mrs. W. Hill Brown, returned yesterday, accompanied by his niece, Misses Amelia Fontaine and Daisie Hill Brown.

MR. W. B. DOAK DENIES CHARGE

That he "Goes About Putting Poisoned Bread or Biscuit Into People's Yards."

(Continued from Page One.)

to furnish protection—made mandatory upon local officials by Virginia statutes.

In another instance, a neighbor caught a dog in the act of destroying his turkeys. He went so far as to take the animal to the esquire's home. With what result? The dog was turned loose again on the public.

On December 26th, in middle of afternoon, within 100 yards of "Woodburn," but hill intervening, a man was discovered stalking game in snow—which with trespass, hunting without permission, and out of season, made four laws broken. Both this esquire and the local game warden were notified, but no effort was made to follow up the trail.

On February 21, 1917, eleven hounds ran through my place, stampeding sheep and goats, heavy with young, so that serious losses followed. Hunters came through, cutting every wire of fence. No action could be gotten in this case, and notwithstanding the ten head of young lost and deformed, even the modest claim of \$25.00 was not paid.

One Sunday several months ago, a flock of 70 was stampeded by dogs and boys on the bank of Bull Run. One was killed, others injured, and finally they drove them back on the ridge and turned them out the gate—presumably to make trouble.

One of the neighbors, now abandoning Angoras largely because of such treatment, said that as he passed his place, coming home to spend the Sabbath, could see the same abuse and trespass going on—finding one of the herd dead.

Within the last ten years we have brought in and stocked the farm with about 500 sheep and goats—many of them English-bred Southdowns and high classed Angoras. One only has to see and compare our grass covered hills and productive land with the gully washed, bare grass surrounding, to understand what we are trying to do for the upbuilding of this section—and yet, people, with two eyes, seem blinded by prejudice. In addition to producing fleece and pelts for several hundred suits and shoes, I have with the willing help of the children, grown more food than all three tenants on this Craig-Kendrick place. Have been unable to hire a single day's help for two years. Within these ten years, notwithstanding our repeated losses—directly from dog raids, when animals were killed outright or maimed, but the subsequent losses of young caused by stampedes, and still further depletion through dog-scattered parasites, our witnessed claims on the county amounted to only \$625. After three years of lawing, we received \$130 all told. (Rather a contrast with one fee of \$800, which the official who contested our claim, received from the county.) Largely owing to dogs, as indicated, have been unable to use back pastures, and often having to deprive sheep from night grazing on account of trespassing hunters, we not only have had flocks reduced to about 200 head, but beginning with forty-seven big Bronze turkeys (understanding them, and the farm well adapted to free range) this business was wiped out and abandoned. Even when wire protections were staked down, dogs dug under and destroyed nests full of eggs, or killed and scattered poultry, if hatched.

And hunters? It is almost incredible what threats and pro-

fanity have been used by them when told to keep off with their dogs.

About seven years ago our little girl was bitten by a rabid dog in our own yard, having come seven miles. The child was sent to Washington for treatment. Although the dog was pronounced mad, acknowledged by the family, the man of the house claimed that it belonged to a son in the west, and finally with reluctance, paid the sum of ten dollars, to help cover expenses. Until this occurred, I always kept and liked dogs myself.

As sequel to a former raid on sheep by dogs, this Clifton court (?) bound over two of us farmers—without witnesses, counsel, or time for defense—which on appeal was dismissed by Judge Thornton.

Is it not time in these days of stress and need, for both official and citizen to realize the vital importance of seeing to it, that those who are able and willing to maintain flocks are permitted to do so, or must the shepherd and his sheep give way to these unlisted, untaxed dogs, which do their murdering under cover of night? Whether people like me personally or not, I maintain that we have the right to a law abiding, clean neighborhood.

The peculiar thing now about this Craig-Kendrick place, is that dogs get young and men grow old suddenly. One of her paramours is now dodging the draft, with frosted hair and beard, traveling at night and subsisting like the dogs. When such outfits are cleaned out, there will be fewer cases like that of poor little Eva Roy.

SAVE THE LAYER AND KILL THE SLACKER HEN

With Feed High It is of Greatest Importance to Weed Out the Unproductive Hen.

(Prepared by N. E. B. Talcott, Poultry Husbandman, Extension Division, Virginia Agricultural and Mechanical College and Polytechnic Institute.)

With feed high in price and hard to get it is of the greatest importance to weed out the unproductive hen.

The slacker hen if left in the flock consumes a quantity of grain to no purpose and actually retards the production of the laying hen by making condition less favorable for her. Furthermore, the slacker hen is just so much meat kept out of the market.

The laying hen is an efficient machine for turning food material otherwise wasted into a high grade human food, a food that is now selling for a good price. Considering these facts a poultry ultimatum should be issued—that all slacker hens must die. Hens that do not produce must be killed for meat.

It is easy to distinguish between the producer and the non-producer, the layer and the slacker hen. Heavy egg production slowly and surely takes its toll so that at the end of the season we can say that "Fine feathers do not make fine birds." The condition of the plumage is the most noticeable indication of production which applies to all breeds. The heavy laying hen needs all of her energy for production, hence she keeps her old coat of feathers, however worn and ragged they may be, and the hen whose plumage looks most soiled and frayed this time of the year is the best hen. The slacker hen, having plenty of energy to spare, turns her attention to a new coat early in August and commences a leisurely moult, devoting her entire time to a slow change of dress. The laying hen makes a quick change of plumage late in the fall and is soon ready for business again. The toll taken by heavy laying is not alone evident in the

(Continued on Page Seven)



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Equally Good for all Live Stock

We will send you free a booklet on the treatment of mange, scabies or itch mange, arthritis, sore mouth, etc. We will send you free a booklet on how to build a hog wallow, which will keep hogs clean and healthy. We will send you free a booklet on how to keep your hogs free from insect parasites and disease. Write for them—they are free.

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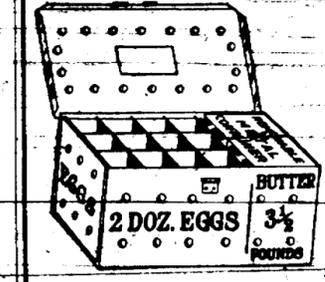
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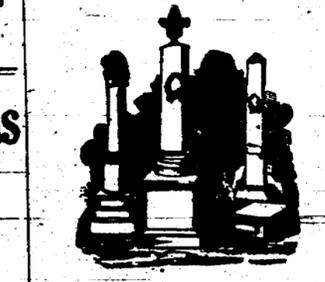


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The Journal—\$1—and worth it

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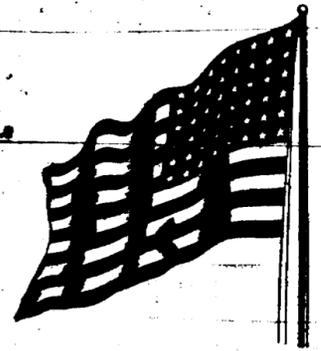
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FULL PARTICULARS NEXT WEEK

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GOVERNMENT ADMINISTRATION OF THE RAILWAYS

W. G. McAdoo, Director General of Railroads.

The critics of railway operation under government management have been answered in a statement recently issued by Theodore H. Price, who is now actuary to the United States Railroad Administration at Washington.

Mr. Price briefs the grievances of the various complainants as follows:

1. The advance in freight and passenger rates.
2. The abolition of the through bill of lading for export freight and the cancellation of export and import rates.
3. The dismissal of solicitors who "took an interest in the handling of the traffic and the consolidation of freight and ticket offices."
4. The withdrawal of the credit previously allowed in the matter of freight charges which must now be paid before or upon the delivery of the goods unless the consignee gives a bond that will protect the government.
5. The difficulty of getting information regarding traffic and rates.
6. The discontinuance of the package car service between important jobbing and consuming sections.
7. The withdrawal of the shippers' right to route their freight as they chose.

Mr. Price also quotes the following editorial from a prominent daily newspaper:

"We have now some details as to the first five months of government operation of the railways, and while it is far too soon to pass any judgment, two facts stand out very strongly and are worthy of note.

"The first is that in these five months, on the face of the figures, the roads carried slightly less ton-mileage than in 1917. This, in spite of the tremendous pressures of the war and of the known increase in many lines of production, is certainly very significant. Extra traffic has been carried in other ways, largely, as we know, by motor trucks.

"The second fact is that the number of available locomotives and cars remained practically the same as in the first part of 1917. There was no increase. The roads were taken over for their supposed inefficiency. But the government, with all its money and power, has found it easier to acquire experience than to increase the efficiency of the railroad machine.

"After five months of unlimited credit and power there is no increase in cars or locomotives, or rail movements, or tonnage hauled. To move their increased traffic the industries of the country have had to resort to the highly expensive carriage by motor trucks over country roads. This may have been unavoidable, and the railway administration, like the fuel bureau, may have done everything possible.

It may prove its wonderful efficiency and high superiority, in time. We merely point out there is no evidence yet that the government is performing no miracles that might not have been expected of the roads themselves, if they had simply had enough money to go ahead in their ordinary way."

Mr. Price says that this is a fairly complete summary of the criticism that is being directed at governmental administration of the railways, and after quoting the statistics upon which it purports to be based he adds that while they show that the number of tons of freight carried one mile during the first five months of the year was 0.6 per cent less than during the same months last year, they also show that the loaded car freight mileage traveled in the carriage of this freight was 552,868,512 miles, or 8.6 per cent less than the distance traveled under private management in the carriage of nearly the same ton mileage of revenue freight during the same period in 1917.

Dealing with the reduction in the average daily mileage of locomotives and freight cars, he points out that this is due to the heavier train load and car load, and explains that it is not economically practicable to haul heavy trains as fast as light ones, and that the Railroad Administration has adopted the policy of loading trains to capacity and moving them on schedules that are too fast to be maintained.

This showing, he claims, indicates not inefficiency, but a striking increase in the efficiency with which the railroads are being operated, and asserts that it is directly due to the heavier loading of the freight cars and the greater train load now pulled by each engine.

He continues as follows: The average carload has been increased from 26.2 to 28.5 tons, or 8.8 per cent. If this ratio is maintained, it will be the equivalent of an addition of 8.8 per cent, or 211,200 freight cars to the present equipment of about 2,400,000 cars, and if the ratio of increase in the train load, equal to 2.7 per cent, is maintained, it will be the equivalent of adding about 1,750 to the present equipment of some 66,000 locomotives of all sorts.

Surely this is better than buying new cars and locomotives at a time when they can only be had at extravagant prices and the manufacturing energies of the country are overtaxed to provide the things required for the winning of the war.

Instead of proving the inefficiency of government management, these figures furnish the strongest possible proof of its efficiency and wisdom in demonstrating that the old cars and engines are being made to do more work than they performed under private management. The same progress toward the intensive use of the present equipment is to be found in the report of loaded cars arriving at Philadelphia and Pittsburgh during the first four weeks of July. This report is as follows:

Comparative statement loaded cars and tonnage contents arriving at Philadelphia and Pittsburgh four weeks ending July 27, 1918, and corresponding four weeks previous year.

	Cars	Tonnage
1918	109,228	5,625,207
1917	107,158	2,732,766

These figures show an increase of 9 per cent in the tonnage and a decrease of 7 per cent in the cars used. The number of tons per car in July, this year, is 30.2 as against 25.7 tons in the same period last year. The increase of 18 per cent, if it were general throughout the country, would be the equivalent of an addition of about 432,000 cars to the freight car equipment of the railroads.

Although the government has recently ordered 100,000 new freight cars and about 4,000 engines have been under order for a long time, to provide for the expected increase in the traffic, they cannot be turned out in a day and while waiting for them the present capacity of motive power and rolling stock is being scientifically increased, not only by increasing the car load and train load, but by sending the traffic over the shortest and least resistant routes without regard to the caprice of the shipper. Moreover, priority has been given to orders for the large number of locomotives required by General Pershing for military operations in France and the locomotive works have been thereby prevented from delivering promptly the engines ordered for the railroads.

In several cases the distance that freight in transit between two important cities formerly traveled has been shortened by from 200 to 500 miles and in one instance recently some 8,999 cars carrying freight between two western cities were within a period of sixty days re-routed so as to effect a saving of 195 miles in the mileage traveled by each car. This was the equivalent of 1,754,644 car miles, which at six cents a car mile means a saving of \$105,278.

As to the alleged movement of freight by motor truck it can only be said that the government is moving regular freight and passenger trains promptly, notwithstanding the extra tax imposed on its facilities by a troop movement now averaging 1,000,000 men per month, that there is no freight congestion or delay, that the cars supplied to the coal mines are now in excess of the daily loadings and that if shippers are sending their goods in unusual quantities by motor truck, which is not provable and is doubtful, their action is not the result of a lack of railway transportation.

In fact, the Railroad Administration has of late been urging merchants to take advantage of the present carrying ability of the railways to stock up against their winter's needs when weather conditions make train operation more difficult.

Of the other items in the indictment of government operation of the railways referred to Mr. Price remarks:

1. That the advance in the cost of transportation is less than the advance in wages and the price of almost every other commodity that society requires.
2. That through bills of lading for export cannot be issued because the government has preempted the ocean room and there is no assurance that the goods can be forwarded upon arrival at the seaboard.
3. That as competition between the railroads no longer exists there is no occasion for competitive solicitors and ticket offices and that their abandonment will save the railroads about \$23,000,000 annually.
4. That the government is not authorized to extend credit to consignees for the freight they owe when the goods are delivered, and that it cannot exceed its legal authority.
5. That a new and simplified classification and rate book has been prepared and will be effective and available as soon as the shippers themselves approve it.
6. That a continuance of the package car service would have involved a wasteful use of facilities that are needed for the winning of the war, and
7. That if shippers were allowed to select the routes by which their freight would be carried, the efficiency and economy that are shown to have been secured by re-routing could not have been obtained.

To this categorical refutation of the grievances alleged by complainants whose attitude re-

runs minds one of the couplet which

"The good old times—
All times are good when old," and suggests that they are to be classed with the chronic reactionaries and opponents of progress, I can only add that two months' close study of what has been and may be done under a unified management toward increasing the serviceable efficiency of the American railways convinces me that the wisdom of the President's action in taking over the transportation facilities of the country will be cumulatively demonstrated as the years roll by.

Geo. D. Baker Undertaker

And Licensed Embalmer

LES AVE., NEAR COURTHOUSE, MANASSAS, VA.
Prompt attention given all orders. Prices as low as good service and material will justify. METALLIC CASSETS CARRIED IN STOCK.

If you really want the NEWS of the county The Journal will give it to you every week for a year for one dollar, in advance.

CEDAR WANTED

Wanted.—Cedar, red or white. Write for sizes and prices. R. C. Smootz, Fisher's Hill, Va. 6-8

Have you ever had our prices on JOB WORK? In these days it is well to know in advance both the quality and the cost. Ask THE JOURNAL.

WE HAVE PLENTY OF TURNIP SEED and KALE SEED. July 25th is the day to sow them. Our stock of FRUIT JARS IS COMPLETE—TIN CANS, JAR TOPS, RUBBER and JELLY GLASSES. We want Eggs, Butter, Chickens—anything you have to sell. Come to see us and buy War Savings Stamps. J. H. BURKE & COMPANY



"A FRIEND IN NEED"

When fire has devastated your home or place of business, when life looks blackest, when the savings of years have gone up in smoke—then you appreciate the value of an insurance policy in a good, reliable company, which pays its losses promptly and sets you on your feet again. That's the only kind we represent.

W. N. LIPSCOMB INSURANCE AGENCY, INC. Manassas, :: Virginia

BANKING

Originated with the Jews of Lombardy several thousand years ago and today the Bank is an INDISPENSIBLE INSTITUTION in commercial centers. It is functionary in receiving deposits, loaning money, cashing checks, buying and selling exchange, making collections, discounts, etc.

THIS BANK does a general banking business on square banking principles and an ACCOUNT opened WITH US will PROVE advantageous to you in many ways. We solicit your future business.

The National Bank of Manassas

The Bank of Personal Service

BRIEF LOCAL NEWS

—Mr. Will Breeden, of Canova, has been on the sick list this week.

—The Manassas Good Housekeepers' Club will be entertained by Mrs. G. G. Allen, on Prescott avenue, next Thursday afternoon.

—The Manassas graded school will open its fall term on Wednesday next, Sept. 11. A full attendance of pupils is earnestly desired.

—Protracted meetings are being held all over the county, but owing to food restrictions, the protracted eatings are not as popular as in former years.—Orange Observer.

—Mr. Geo. W. Chappell, who has been working for the Adams Express Co. in Washington, was badly hurt by lifting heavy express on Monday and has come home to recuperate.

—Marriage licenses have been issued from the courthouse this week to Chas. F. T. Sawade and Myrtle von Hornstein, of St. Louis, Mo., and Robt. H. Stuebing and Louise P. Schaufest, of Cincinnati, Ohio.

—Mr. Geo. J. Allen, county surveyor, after a prolonged absence in the northwest, has returned to his home in Gainesville and become associated with his brother, Mr. Chas. B. Allen, in civil engineering.

—A meeting of the Manassas Council of Defense is called by the chairman, Mr. J. J. Conner, to assemble at the courthouse today at 2 o'clock. Prof. T. B. Hutcheson, of Blacksburg, will address the audience, and everybody is invited to attend.

—The Baptist Church and Sunday School, of Brentsville, will raise a Service Flag Sunday evening, at 8 o'clock, in honor of their boys who are "with the colors." They will also remember all the boys of the community in the service. Come and be one with us in honoring these brave men.

—Mr. Harvey Young, son of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. J. Young, who has been ill with typhoid fever, is now convalescent. The report that Mrs. Young is suffering from the same disease is unfounded. Mr. Young has advertised his personal property and expects to move with his family to Reading, Pa., in the near future.

—A colored man named Silas Wilson, aged 54, and proprietor of the hotel Traymore at Sparrow's Point, Md., became suddenly ill on train No. 29 while on his way to Charlottesville on Saturday evening and died between Blooms and Manassas. The body was taken off here, prepared for burial by undertaker Geo. D. Baker and sent back on Monday to Baltimore.

—On Monday, Sept. 16, the U. D. C. will present the sparkling musical comedy "Jane," by a company of local players, for the benefit of its Red Cross fund. "Jane" will be given under the direction of the author, Milton Harding, lately of De Roe Brothers Minstrels. He has written several successful plays, and "Jane" is his newest one. A large chorus of our most attractive young ladies will be very much in evidence.

Mrs. Raymond Bailey and little son, Raymond, jr., who have been visiting Mrs. Bailey's mother, Mrs. G. W. Rosenberger, left today for their home in Fredericksburg, accompanied by her sister, Mrs. G. W. Pelton and little daughter, where they will reside, Mr. Pelton holding a position in that city.

Mrs. B. Lynn, of Bristow, spent the week-end with Mrs. W. J. Ashby recently.

ABOUT PEOPLE WE KNOW

Mr. Albert Bouffier left this morning for Camp Jackson, S. C.

Mrs. A. A. Maloney is visiting in Fairfax county.

Mrs. Fontaine Hooff has returned to Charles Town, W. Va., after a visit to her parents.

Mr. W. W. Retzer, of Bristow, was a visitor at W. J. Ashby's Tuesday.

Mrs. Pauline Carter and son, Jack, returned from a Baltimore visit Thursday evening.

Mr. T. S. Bradfield, of Brentsville, was in Manassas Thursday.

Miss Tillie DeBell spent Labor Day with the Misses Holden near town.

Mrs. R. M. Hammond and two sons left for Aiken, S. C., on Thursday evening.

Mrs. Helen Newton, of Washington, is the guest of Mrs. W. F. Merchant.

Miss Loose, of Harrisonburg, is a guest of Mr. and Mrs. A. A. Hooff.

Mr. William Clark, of Minnieville, was a Manassas visitor on Wednesday.

Mrs. Maggie Mellon, of Alexandria, is spending the summer at Nokeaville.

Mr. and Mrs. F. C. Rorabaugh left on Saturday to visit relatives in Maryland.

Mrs. Pierce Redd, of Catlett, is the guest of her sister, Mrs. Ada Davis.

Miss Myrtle Grenels is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. E. Wood Weir.

Mr. John Edmonds, of Alexandria, visited his sister, Mrs. W. R. Akers, on Saturday last.

Mr. D. M. Pitts, is visiting his wife and family at the home of Mr. and Mrs. O. D. Waters.

Capt. W. Fewell Merchant, of Camp Lee, spent the latter part of last week at his home here.

Mr. W. H. Storke spent the week-end with relatives and friends at Independent Hill last week.

Mrs. S. Lillard, of Alexandria, has been the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. N. Merchant.

Mr. James Cole and daughter, Miss Blanche, were visitors at the home of their aunt, Mrs. W. J. Ashby, this week.

Mr. and Mrs. A. T. Broadus, of Washington, were the week-end guests at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Theo. J. Broadus.

Miss Eva Moore, of the Plains, who has been the guest of Mr. W. S. Athey and family, returned home on Tuesday.

Mr. T. S. Holden and family have returned to Healon, Okla., after a visit to his mother, Mrs. R. J. Holden.

Mrs. Drew and daughters, of Washington, are visiting at the home of Rev. and Mrs. Stuart Gibson.

Messrs. Lion, Leachman, Her-ring, Meetze and Nash attended the festivities at Bennings, District of Columbia, on Labor Day.

Ralph and John Ruxton Wood, jr., of Richmond, are visiting their cousin, Jack Merchant, on Battle street.

Mrs. O. D. Waters and Miss T. P. Waters have returned from a visit to Baltimore and Philadelphia.

Mr. F. Moxcy Vollman and Miss G. Mae Wimbrough, of Norfolk, were the week-end guests of Mrs. Voght at "The Pines."

Misses Margaret and Sarah Clark have enlisted in the U. S. Navy and assumed their duties on Sept. 1.

Mr. and Mrs. R. P. Armentrout and little child, are spending two weeks with relative at Woodstock.

Miss Elizabeth Gray, of Southern Maryland, was the week-end guest of Mr. and Mrs. W. Hill Brown.

Mr. and Mrs. Asa Carr, after a visit to Mr. and Mrs. O. D. Waters, have returned to their home at Gassaway, W. Va.

Mr. and Mrs. R. A. Muddiman spent Sunday and Monday with Mrs. Muddiman's parents, Mr. and Mrs. H. S. Lam, at Wellington.

Mr. W. H. Gulick, of Aurora Heights, Va., and Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Glascock, of Washington, visited at the home of Mrs. M. E. Akers during the past week.

Mrs. Bessie Newman and her mother, Mrs. William K. Tabler, of Washington, were recent guests of Mr. and Mrs. E. R. Conner.

Mr. S. Hynson and wife, accompanied by Mrs. J. H. Burke and children, left yesterday for a vacation to the Eastern Shore of Virginia.

Mr. and Mrs. C. L. Layman and little daughter, Ethel Virginia, of Keyser, W. Va., are visiting Mrs. Layman's sister, Mrs. Albert Lawrence.

Mr. and Mrs. Abbott Clemans and family, of Clarksburg, W. Va., are visiting at the home of Mrs. Cleman's uncle, Mr. S. T. Hall.

Miss Virginia Lee entertained a few young friends last week in honor of her sister, Miss Carolyn, and friend, Miss Calla Goe-well, of Washington.

Misses Sarah and Mary Pringle, of Towson, Md., who were guests last week at the home of Mr. and Mrs. E. R. Conner are now visiting their uncle, Mr. Carl Lynn.

Miss Ada Kinchege, Mr. and Mrs. Gochnauer, Mr. and Mrs. R. S. Hynson, Mrs. Pattie and daughter, and Mr. Bruce Hynson are camping at the bungalow of Mr. R. S. Hynson.

Mrs. S. T. Hall, accompanied by her cousin, Miss Myrtle Jackson, who has been visiting the former for the past two weeks, left Saturday to visit friends and relatives in Culpeper.

Where to Buy Feeds

A GOOD STOCK AT THE RIGHT PRICE

UNICORN DAIRY FEED
LACTOLA DAIRY FEED
SUCRENE DAIRY FEED
BREWER'S GRAINS
CORBY'S GRAINS
COTTON SEED MEAL
MILK MADE DAIRY FEED
BEET PULP

C. O. B. HORSE FEED
DAN PATCH HORSE FEED
CRACKED CORN
OATS
TIMOTHY HAY
CORN MEAL
BLACHFORD'S CALF MEAL
LINSEED MEAL

ALL KINDS OF CHICK AND SCRATCH FEEDS

WHY NOT—

WHITE ROSE?

The Flower of FLOURS

Try it—you will want more

Farm Machinery Sold at Attractive Prices

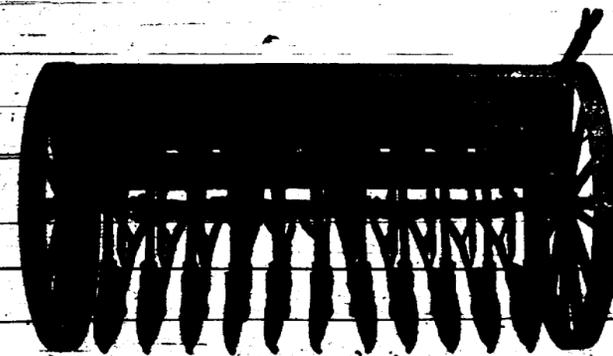
SEPARATORS
MOWERS
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I. H. C. ENGINES
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HARROWS
WEBER WAGONS
BUGGIES

Manassas Feed, Supply and Implement Co.

EVERYTHING FOR THE FARM

Farmers' Favorite Grain Drill



If you need a Drill, we can supply your wants. It is now time to be preparing for your fall seeding.

The Cornwell Supply Company

MANASSAS, VIRGINIA

DIXIE THEATRE

TUESDAY	FRIDAY
BABY MARIE OSBORN	A Paramount DOUGLAS FAIRBANKS
"THE VOICE OF DESTINY"	.. in .. REACHING FOR THE MOON
Her Greatest Hit	SPECIAL
Also a Pathé News	
THURSDAY	SATURDAY
A Paramount PAULINE FREDERICK	JACK DERVEREAUX
.. in in .. THE MAN WHO MADE GOOD
"THE HUNGRY HEART"	ALSO COMEDY
SPECIAL	Matinee Saturday 3:15

Mr. Geo. A. Kieny, of Washington, who has been visiting the family of Mrs. F. Bouffier, left on Tuesday to resume his duties in the Washington Navy Yard.

Mr. John T. Broadus, of "The Cedars," has returned after spending the past ten days at Atlantic City, accompanied by his uncle, Mr. Thos. E. Hume, of Washington.

Miss M. Virginia, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Richard H. Lee, has arrived home from Baltimore, Md., where she has been taking a six weeks' course at Johns Hopkins Normal.

Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Matthew, of Las Vegas, Nevada, Mrs. R. A. Hoal and sons Robert and Woodrow Hoal, of Roanoke, Va., and Mrs. A. J. Hawkins and daughter, of Washington, are visiting at the parental home, Mrs. M. A. Matthews, near Sudley.

Mr. and Mrs. Lee C. Lloyd, Mrs. Wm. Spear and Mr. C. E. Brawner motored to Richmond, Newport News, Norfolk, Virginia Beach Naval Stations and camps in that section, returning by way of Blue Ridge route, Petersburg and Richmond. Everything in that section looked prosperous with the fields of fine corn, peanuts, cotton, tobacco, etc.

STUDENTS' ARMY TRAINING CORPS AT EASTERN

Students Given Opportunity to Enlist in Army and Continue Studies at the College.

Eastern College students are given an opportunity to enlist in the army and at the same time continue their studies at college. President Roop has received a telegram from Adjutant General McCain saying that Eastern College had satisfied the conditions prescribed by the war department and that steps were being taken to establish at once a unit of the Students' Army Training Corps at the College (S. A. T. C.).

The telegram says: "An officer of the United States Army will be detailed and will, upon arrival, proceed with the organization of your unit. Rifles, uniforms, overcoats and other equipment will be supplied at an early date."

Students in the Student Army Training Corps will be at no expense at college for food, housing and tuition, and will in addition receive the pay of a United States soldier—\$30 per month.

The war department in the following statements outlines the general plan under which the student army training corps will operate under the changed conditions produced by the revision of the selective service law: "1. All young men, who were planning to go to school this fall, should carry out their plans and do so. Each should go to the college of his choice, matriculate and enter as a regular student. He will, of course, also register with his local board on the registration day set by the president. As soon as possible after registration day, probably on or about October 1, opportunity will be given for all the regularly-enrolled students to be inducted into the students' army training corps at the schools where they are in attendance.

"The student, by voluntary induction, becomes a soldier in the United States army, uniformed, subject to military discipline with the pay of the private. They will simultaneously be placed on full active duty and contract will be made as soon as possible with the colleges for the housing, subsistence and instruction of the student soldiers.

"2. Officers, uniforms, rifles and such other equipment as may be available will be furnished by the war department as previously announced.

"3. Student soldiers will be given military instructions under the officers of the army and will be kept under observation and test to determine their qualifications as officer candidates and technical experts, such as engineers, chemists and doctors.

"4. It cannot now be definitely stated how long a particular student will remain at college. This will depend on the requirements of the mobilization and the age group to which he belongs.

"Students will ordinarily not be permitted to remain on duty in the college units after the majority of their fellow citizens of like age have been called to military service at camp.

"5. No units of the student army training corps will, for the present, be established at secondary schools.

"6. There will be both a collegiate section and a vocational section of the student army training corps. Young men of draft age of grammar school education will be given opportunity to enter the vocational section of the corps. At present about 27,500 men are called for this section each month. Application for voluntary induction into the vocational section should be made to the local board and effort will be made to accommodate as many as possible of those who volunteer for this training.

"7. In view of the comparatively short time during which most of the student-soldiers will remain in college and the exacting military duties awaiting them, academic instruction must necessarily, be modified along lines of direct military value.

The war department will prescribe or suggest such modifications. The schedule of purely military instruction will not preclude effective academic work. Students not yet eighteen are equally urged to enter college, and as soon as they reach the required age they will likewise be inducted into the service, with all the privileges of the other men.

There are about 600 colleges in the United States. Eastern College is one of the 389 institutions for which the government has authorized the establishment of the S. A. T. C. units, and will be able, therefore, to have a part in the great work of training and equipping young men of Virginia and other states for the service of their country.

Eastern has already one hundred and twenty-seven men in military service.

LOST WITH HIS VESSEL

Sailor Boy, Well Known Here, Perishes at Sea.

Gordon James Groves, formerly of Alexandria, is among those reported missing from submarine chaser No. 209, which was mistaken for an enemy submarine and sent to the bottom by the American steamer Felix Taussig off Fire Island. He was about twenty years old and formerly lived on lower Wolfe street. He subsequently moved to Washington with his parents and was employed as machinist's apprentice at the Washington navy yard until he joined the navy, early in the summer. He was a son of the late A. J. Groves, jr. In addition to his mother he is survived by a sister, Miss Alice Groves, Manassas, Va., and Harry Groves, now at Camp Humphreys—Washington Times.

The young man mentioned above was a stepson of Mr. S. Hynson, of Manassas, who married the widow of the late A. J. Groves, of Washington, and was known to many citizens of the town, having frequently visited here when on leave.

LIGHT AND WATER NOTICE

Please take notice that after the 10th of each month a penalty of 50 cents will be imposed for failure to pay light and water rent. H. P. DAVIS, Treas.

BUSINESS LOCALS

Five Cents a Line First Insertion—Three Cents Subsequent.

Wanted—50,000 white oak cross ties. See us and get prices. M. Lynch & Co. 28-1f

Wanted—Pulp wood cutters; two years work; good wages and two good houses for cutters to stay in close by the timber... F. R. Saunders, Meat Market, Manassas, Va. 46

NOTICE.—Having bought the Foote Wall Paper stock, which I expect to sell out at low prices, I will keep store open on Saturdays. Other days, leave word at Hall's Store and I will bring sample books to your home. Geo. L. Larsen. 12-1f

Fire Insurance.—If you are afraid of Mutual Assessments, try our old line companies. If you don't like the increasing old line rates, try our Mutual. Take your choice. We represent both kinds. Austin Corporation. 53

For Sale.—Cheap, on easy terms, or would rent, 25-acre farm; all improvements; terms, apply E. Dickens, Bristow, Va. 13-4*

Wanted.—Ford Roadster, for cash; must be good condition. E. D. Wissler, 13-1f

Wanted.—10,000 cords of pulp wood. Highest cash price paid on delivery; measurements taken from wagons. Give us a call before you sell. E. R. Conner. 51

For Rent, year 1919—My farm at Wellington, Va. A. S. Robertson. 15*2

TOWN OF MANASSAS C. C. Leachman, Treasurer STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS September 1, 1917, to August 1, 1918

CASH RECEIPTS table with columns for item and amount. Total cash receipts: \$28,548.36

CASH DISBURSEMENTS table with columns for item and amount. Total disbursements: \$24,970.82

We, the Finance Committee of the Town of Manassas, Va., beg to submit the foregoing statement of Receipts and Disbursements for the fiscal year from September 1, 1917, to August 1, 1918, made by and on account of said town.

Respectfully submitted, D. J. ARRINGTON, C. R. C. JOHNSON, ALBERT SPEIDEN, Finance Committee

Copy—Teste—G. RAYMOND RATCLIFFE, Clerk.



RICHMOND—WEEK OCT. 7-12, 1918 GREATEST FAIR EVER KNOWN IN DIXIE \$25,000 IN PRIZES—\$25,000 WORTH FREE SHOWS

Wanted to Lease—Small, well-arranged farm near Manassas or R. R. station; must have dairy barn and comfortable house; would give as good care as owner. Send accurate description to Stockman, Manassas Journal 16

For Sale—Seasoned oak and hickory wood, in stove lengths. Leave orders at Saunders' Meat Market. T. C. Moore. 16

Lost—M. H. S. pin, class of 1917, S. N. L. on reverse; reward if returned to this office.

Registered Holstein male calves for sale. J. J. Conner. 16

Wanted—Miller Train Control Corporation stock. "Selling" one 4 1-2 h. p. Olds stationary gasoline engine. W. H. Wyand. Phone 1183, Hagerstown. 16

EASTERN COLLEGE MANASSAS, VA. OFFERS

- 1. Four-year college course, leading to A. B. degree which admits to professional schools of Johns Hopkins University without examination. 2. Four-year Academy or High School course, which diploma admits to best colleges and universities without examination. 3. New courses in Domestic Science, Home Nursing, Dietetics and Conservation Problems. 4. Superior advantages in Music (Piano, Voice, Organ, Violin). China Painting and General Art, Expression and Business Training. 5. Military Training under Government Direction.

Charter No. 6,748 Reserve District No. 8. REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE PEOPLES NATIONAL BANK OF MANASSAS, AT MANASSAS, IN THE STATE OF VIRGINIA, AT THE CLOSE OF BUSINESS ON AUGUST 31, 1918. RESOURCES.

Financial statement table for Peoples National Bank of Manassas, VA. Resources: \$386,410.54. Liabilities: \$386,410.54.

Charter No. 5,032 Reserve District No. 8. REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE NATIONAL BANK OF MANASSAS, AT MANASSAS, IN THE STATE OF VIRGINIA, AT THE CLOSE OF BUSINESS ON AUGUST 31, 1918. RESOURCES.

Financial statement table for National Bank of Manassas, VA. Resources: \$467,883.25. Liabilities: \$467,883.25.

VIRGINIA POLYTECHNIC INSTITUTE AND AGRICULTURAL AND MECHANICAL COLLEGE Blacksburg, Virginia. Fifteen degree courses in agriculture, engineering, general science and applied science; two year course in agriculture, farmers' winter course, training course for teachers of agriculture and industrial course for teachers of trades reserved officers training corps.

Geo. J. Allen, Chas. R. Allen, County Surveyor. ALLEN BROTHERS, Civil Engineers, Gainesville, Virginia. Farm, Surveying and other branches of Civil Engineering.

"CARRY ON!"

(By Walter S. Smoot.)

"Ich kann nicht anlers. Gott helf mir! Amen" (I can do no other wise. God help me! Amen.) In these memorable words, in 1521, did a famous German, standing in monkish garb down-cast and alone, close a memorable defense of his religious career before the Emperor of his country and all his glittering court.

"God helping her, America can do not other!" Like an echo of the voice of Martin Luther sounded this ringing call of President Woodrow Wilson on April 2, 1917, calling upon the American nation to abandon the pleasant paths of peace for the bloody sod of the battlefield, that the free peoples of the world might be unhindered in "life, liberty, and the pursuit of happiness" and "that government by the people, for the people, and of the people might not perish from the earth." It was the voice of a German, addressed no longer to his own age but to all time, nor to "Emperor and Empire" but to a free people, calling upon them to fight that the scales of intolerant autocracy, of a brutal belief in force might be torn from Germany's eyes leaving only the light of her former ideals and the glory of her former freedom.

And truly no greater moral issues were ever at stake in any war. There is Belgium. Poor, bleeding nation that she is, she has lain for four years in the dust, her stately cathedrals crumbling in ashes, her songs turned to walls of terror and suffering, and her happy thronging streets made long burial grounds—all because she set her honor above price and respected the terms of a "scrap of paper." There is our land which Germany, while we still trusted her, filled with her paid spies and sought to terrorize and corrupt with bands of thugs and intriguers, directed by officials of her government and army. And the cries of our women and children coming up out of the sea when the Lusitania and the Sussex went down were as bread cast upon the waters which was to return upon the Germans in a mighty destroying wave, when after many days, the day of reckoning was at hand.

Imperial Germany proclaims the Religion of Force. She loves peace as a means to new wars, and the military philosophy that her masters must stop at absolutely nothing to gain their desired ends prevails far, far beyond the claim of Democracy that nations must keep faith or else the world fall into the anarchy of rival wolf packs. The sacred principles of democracy are at stake. On America's side are the democracies of the world—England, the source of our laws, tradition, standards of living, and inherent Anglo-Saxon love of liberty; and France, the glorious golden land of the spirit, the patrie of Lafayette, for whom a million of her sons have already laid down their lives that she might be free.

For these things and for many others have we dedicated "our lives and our fortunes" in a high resolve that the honored dead in Flanders and in France, in Poland and in Russia shall not have died in vain. In the trenches of France the flower of America's manhood are saying of the Hun hordes who would hurt themselves across the Atlantic to our very doors—"They shall not pass." We at home who accept the protection afforded by the bodies of the boys "over there" must match their supreme dedication of lives by a dedication of fortunes—quick, eager over-subscription to the successive Liberty Loans and War Savings Stamps issues—and by a dedication of hands and of spirits—ab-

solute obedience to the requests of the great war agencies of the government, like the Food and Fuel Administrations—and the preservation of a firm, unflinching faith and resolution against which the waves of German peace-propaganda, whether they pound for weeks or months or years, shall beat in vain.

"We are the dead; short days ago We lived, felt dawn, saw sunset glow, Loved and were loved, and now we lie In Flanders fields.

Take up our quarrel with the foe! To you from failing hands we throw The torch; be yours to hold it high! If ye break faith with us who die We shall not sleep, though poppies grow In Flanders fields."

AN APPEAL TO PATRIOTISM

Mr. Steere Asks Loyal Observance of State Dog Law.

(By W. I. Steere.)

Dear Mr. Editor:—Sometime ago by your kindness I made a request through your columns that parties, in the counties reached by your paper, who had suffered loss of any kind of stock by the ravages of dogs would, at their convenience, report the same to me.

I made this request hoping to obtain some information which might be made to bear in an appeal to our citizens for a loyal observance of our State Dog Law, which would cost but little in money or inconvenience to the owners of dogs and would result in great good to the owners of stock individually, and eventually add millions of dollars to the wealth of the state.

In response to this request I received accounts of about a score of incidents of damages done by dogs, mostly at night, aggregating in value hundreds of dollars; and resulting in the discouragement, and in some cases almost the ruin of men trying to establish a sheep raising business.

In these reports the majority of cases is of damage to sheep; but the destruction of turkeys and other poultry, calves, goats, swine and Belgian hares is reported.

It is not my intention to give here the names of these parties. Some of them live from one to three miles of Manassas. However, I will say the last report reaching me is of the loss of Dr. H. W. Wiley, the world famous food expert, who has a sheep and Angora goat farm near Bluemont, Loudoun county. It is reported prowling dogs played havoc with his flock last week.

It may be thought by some that the dog-tax fund created partly for the purpose of indemnifying parties who have lost stock by dogs is sufficient; but not one has told me that half his loss has been repaid considering the loss in killed and maimed together with the damage by worrying of the balance of the flock, in case of sheep, which is often the greater loss. But if all such losses could be fully paid by the dog fund would that satisfy the object of our state dog laws? Not in the least, of course, as we all know. The state has enacted these laws, made more perfect by the last legislature, mainly for the purpose of resurrecting fostering and building up a most important industry, that of sheep husbandry, which was down and out mainly because the dogs so far have had the innings—making all the bases and the home run.

Right now when our government (we, the people) are so short for wool—first for the purpose of clothing properly our soldiers at the front and in camp, and for domestic purposes, and when the whole world is facing a wool famine and a meat famine, is it not time for us to wake up and look at this matter seriously?

(Continued on Page Seven)

PUBLIC SALE ONE-HALF MILE SOUTHEAST OF MANASSAS, VA.

Thursday, Sept. 12, 1918 COMMENCING AT 10 O'CLOCK, A. M.

I will sell at public auction, on the above-named date, at my farm one-half mile southeast of Manassas, on the Buck-hall road, the following personal property:

Nineteen head of cattle, 11 milch cows, some fresh and some coming fresh this fall; 2 heifers, 2 Holstein bulls, 4 Guernsey calves, pair of well-broken donkeys, 6 hogs, 2 registered Berkshire gilts, 1-horse wagon, spring wagon, buggy, dump cart and harness, 2-horse plow, 1-horse plow, cornplanter, disc harrow, 1-horse springtooth harrow, 2 cultivators, garden plow, seed drill, No. 11 Blizzard ensilage cutter; Fairbanks-Morse 6 h. p. oil engine, 40-foot belt, power wood saw, 2 brick barrows, brick truck, wheelbarrow, back and hand saws, shovels, forks, etc., about 6 acres corn, 3 acres cow peas, broom corn, seed rye, De Laval cream separator, lot of fruit jars, milk cans, churn, queensware, lot of hens, about 75 guineas, goose, 2 cook stoves, 2 heating stoves, 2 tables, writing desk, 3 bedsteads, couch, 8-day clock, fine parlor suite, 2 fine rockers, and other articles too numerous to mention.

If not sold before, will offer my 23-acre farm on same day.

TERMS:—Sums of \$10 and under, cash; over that amount a credit of nine months will be given, the purchaser executing interest-bearing, negotiable note, with approved security, payable at the National Bank of Manassas. No goods to be removed until terms of sale are complied with.

W. D. GREEN, Auctioneer BRYAN GORDON, Clerk

WM. J. YOUNG

S. Kann Sons Co. "THE BUSY CORNER" PENNA. AVE. AT 8 TH. ST. Kann's Summer Sale of Furs Now in Progress IS AN AUTHENTIC DISPLAY OF STYLES ADOPTED FOR THE COMING FALL AND WINTER SEASONS AT DECIDED SAVINGS FROM PRICES THAT WILL PREVAIL LATER IN THE YEAR. —Prediction points to next fall and winter being the greatest season ever for furs of all kinds. Fashion leaders proclaim there will be more beauty and individuality in furs than any other type of outer garment. This beauty and individuality is reflected in our summer display which is the finest we ever made. —You will want furs for their distinctiveness. —If you wait until the season for wear comes you will, in all probability, pay more for smaller quantities, that is if such quantities are to be had at all. Buy now and be sure not only of the fur you want but of the saving that can be made. The workmanship on these garments is of an exceptionally high standard because we were able, when these garments were made up, to secure the services of expert furriers to fashion them. MAKE SELECTIONS EARLY Pay a fourth of the sale price and we will hold the article selected for future delivery—balance to be paid before November 15, 1918.

CHURCH SERVICES PRESBYTERIAN Manassas Presbyterian Church, Rev. Alford Kelley, pastor. Sunday—Sunday School at 9:45 a. m. Subject, "Conquering Evil." Preaching at 8 p. m. Subject, "Backsliders Are Traitors." Christian Endeavor at 7:30 p. m. Subject, "Training—Conscience and Trained in Conscience." Wednesday—Prayer meeting at 8 p. m. Subject, "The Promise Unto Children's Children." Clifton Presbyterian Church, Rev. Alford Kelley, pastor. Sunday School at 10 a. m. Subject as stated above. Preaching at 11 a. m. Subject as stated above. Christian Endeavor at 7:30 p. m. Subject as stated above. Harvest Home Service at Greenwood Presbyterian Church Sunday, September 15, at 3:30. LUTHERAN Bethel Lutheran Church, Rev. Edgar Z. Pence, pastor. Sunday—Sunday School at 10 o'clock. Preaching at 8 p. m. Service at the Nokesville Lutheran Church Sunday at 11 a. m. EPISCOPAL Trinity Episcopal Church, Rev. A. Stuart Gibson, Rector. Sunday School at 10 o'clock a. m. Service first, second and fourth Sundays at 11 a. m.; third Sunday at 8 p. m. St. Ann's Memorial Chapel, Nokesville. Service first Sunday at 8 p. m.; third Sunday at 11 a. m. BAPTIST Manassas Baptist Church, Rev. T. D. D. Clark, pastor. Sunday—Sunday School, 9:45 a. m.; morning service, 11 o'clock; B. Y. P. U., 6:45; evening service at 7:30. Wednesday—Prayer meeting at 7:30 p. m. Rev. Burnett Grimsley's Appointments Bellehaven, fourth Sunday, 11 a. m. Woodbine, second and fourth Sundays, 8 p. m. Fletcher Memorial, second Sunday 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Oak Dale, third Sunday, 11 a. m. and first Sunday, 7:30 p. m. Auburn, first Sunday, 11 a. m. and third Sunday, 7:30 p. m. PRIMITIVE BAPTIST Primitive Baptist Church, Elder T. S. Dalton, pastor. Services every fourth Sunday at 11 a. m. and the Saturday preceding at 8:30 p. m. CATHOLIC All Saints' Catholic Church, Manassas, Father William GHL, pastor. Mass at 8 a. m., first and third Sundays. Second and fourth Sundays at 10:30 a. m., followed by benediction of the Blessed Sacrament. METHODIST Grace Methodist Episcopal Church, South, Manassas, Rev. H. Q. Barr, pastor. Sunday School at 9:45 a. m. Preaching every Sunday at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m. Epforth League at 7:00 p. m. Buckhall, every Sunday at 3 p. m. Bradley, first Sunday at 3 p. m., third Sunday at 11 a. m. Rev. C. E. Milligan's appointments follow: Sudley—First, second and fourth Sundays, 11 a. m. Fairview—Second and fourth Sundays, 3 p. m. Gainesville—First Sunday, 3 p. m.; third and fifth Sunday, 11 a. m. Bristow—Third and fifth Sundays, 3 p. m. Woodlawn—Third and fifth Sundays, 3 p. m. Woolsey—First Sunday, 8 p. m. UNITED BRETHREN Rev. L. C. Masick's appointments follow: Manassas—First and third Sundays, 7:30 p. m. Second and fourth Sundays, 11 a. m. Buckhall—First and third Sundays, 3 p. m. Adam—Second and fourth Sundays, 3 p. m. Midland—First and third Sundays, 11 a. m. LET US SEND YOU OUR STYLE BOOK OF THE SEASON'S SHOE FASHIONS—showing the exclusive and distinctive features worn by the particular dressers. Buying footwear by mail is made easy and satisfactory. RICH'S 1601 F. Street, Corner Tenth, Washington, D. C. The Journal—\$1—and worth it. The Journal—\$1—and worth it.

STATE OF VIRGINIA:

In the Clerk's Office of the Circuit Court for Prince William County, this 19th day of August, 1918.

International Harvester Company of America, a Corporation,

vs. Geo. B. Farquhar, et al.

IN CHANCERY

The general object of the foregoing suit and an attachment sued out therein is to attach the estate of said Geo. B. Farquhar in Prince William County, being an undivided one-sixth interest (subject to the dower of Mary Anne Farquhar) in and to a certain tract of land about one-half mile south of Buckhall, in Manassas District, Prince William County, Virginia, adjoining the lands of Bennett, Robinson and others, containing 241 acres, one road and 23 poles, more or less, and known as the Chas. Farquhar property, and to have partition or sale of said entire tract as may appear proper to court, and subject the said interest of the said Geo. B. Farquhar therein to the payment of the claim of the plaintiff against him for \$130, with interest from May 20, 1914, until paid, subject to a credit of \$15.77 as of April 27, 1915, and a reasonable attorney's fee for collection; and it appearing that the attachment has been duly returned executed, but a copy thereof not delivered to said Geo. B. Farquhar, and it further appearing from affidavit filed in this cause that the said Geo. B. Farquhar is not a resident of the State of Virginia, it is therefore ordered that the said Geo. B. Farquhar appear within fifteen days after due publication of this order and do what is necessary to protect his interests.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published once a week for four successive weeks in the Manassas Journal, a newspaper printed and published in the aforesaid county, and that a copy hereof be posted at the front door of the courthouse of this county on or before the next succeeding rule day after this order is entered.

GEO. G. TYLER, Clerk. A True Copy—Teste: GEO. G. TYLER, Clerk. H. Thornton Davies, p. q. 14-4

STATE OF VIRGINIA:

In the Clerk's Office of the Circuit Court for Prince William County, this 19th day of August, 1918.

Elizabeth Farquhar

vs. Geo. B. Farquhar, et al.

IN CHANCERY

The general object of the foregoing suit and an attachment sued out therein is to attach the estate of said Geo. B. Farquhar in Prince William County, being an undivided one-sixth interest (subject to the dower of Mary Anne Farquhar) in and to a certain tract of land about one-half mile south of Buckhall, in Manassas District, Prince William County, Virginia, adjoining the lands of Bennett, Robinson and others, containing 241 acres, one road and 23 poles, more or less, and known as the Chas. Farquhar property, and to have partition or sale of said entire tract as may appear proper to court, and subject the said interest of the said Geo. B. Farquhar therein to the payment of the claim of the plaintiff against him for \$115, with interest from Nov. 14, 1914, until paid; and it appearing that the attachment has been duly returned executed, but that a copy thereof has not been delivered to said Geo. B. Farquhar in person, and it further appearing from affidavit filed in this suit that the said Geo. B. Farquhar is not a resident of the State of Virginia, it is therefore ordered that the said Geo. B. Farquhar appear within fifteen days after due publication of this order and do what is necessary to protect his interests.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published once a week for four successive weeks in the Manassas Journal, a newspaper printed and published in the aforesaid county, and that a copy hereof be posted at the front door of the courthouse of this county on or before the next succeeding rule day after this order is entered.

GEO. G. TYLER, Clerk. A True Copy—Teste: GEO. G. TYLER, Clerk. H. Thornton Davies, p. q. 14-4

PUBLIC SALE OF HOUSE AND LOT

Under and by virtue of a certain deed of trust executed the 18th day of May, 1912, of record in deed book 62, page 337, in the clerk's office of Prince William county, by Jno. Johnson and wife, the undersigned trustee therein named, having been requested so to do by the holders of the notes therein secured, in the payment of which default has been made, will proceed to sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, on

SATURDAY, SEPT. 28, 1918 at twelve o'clock m., in front of the Peoples Bank, in the town of Manassas, aforesaid county, all that certain lot, with improvements thereon, lying and being situate in the aforesaid town on Liberty avenue, and known as the Berry Hall property, adjoining Cockrell and others. For a description by metes and bounds reference is made to a deed recorded in deed book 43, page 253.

TERMS CASH. H. THORNTON DAVIES, Trustee. 15

PUBLIC SALE

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE Under and by virtue of a certain deed of trust bearing date on the 25th day of February, 1914, of record in the clerk's office of Prince William County, Virginia, in deed book 64, pages 481-2, and executed by William Riley, and at the request of the beneficiary therein, by reason of default having been made in the payment of the note secured under said trust, the undersigned trustee therein named will offer for sale to the highest bidder, at public auction, on

SATURDAY, SEPT. 14, 1918, at twelve o'clock m., in front of the Peoples National Bank, in the town of Manassas, aforesaid county, all that certain lot or parcel of land, lying and being situate near Thoroughfare, in Gainesville district, aforesaid county, adjoining the lands of Mrs. Marsteller, and known as the Smallwood place, containing ONE ACRE

This is the property now owned by said William Riley, but the graveyard is reserved. TERMS CASH. H. THORNTON DAVIES, Trustee. L. B. PATTIE, Auc'r. 13-15

PUBLIC SALE OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE

Under and by virtue of a decree of the circuit court of Prince William county, entered on the 15th day of June, 1918, in the chancery suit of J. E. Dayton & Co. et al vs T. R. Galleher et al therein pending, the undersigned commissioners of sale named in said decree will offer for sale at public auction, to the highest bidder, in accordance with said decree, on

SATURDAY, SEPT. 7, 1918 at twelve o'clock m., in front of the Peoples National Bank, in the town of Manassas, Prince William county, Virginia, the following real estate, situate at and near Hickory Grove, in Gainesville district, aforesaid county and state. FIRST.—A tract of land at Hickory Grove, adjoining the Carolina Road, J. E. Downs and others, and known as the "Taylor Place," containing about 18 ACRES

SECOND TRACT—Adjoins the Carolina road, Logmill road, and known as the "Hickory Grove Farm," containing, more or less, 112 1/2 ACRES

THIRD TRACT.—The undivided interest of T. R. Galleher in the Geo. G. Galleher land which was devised him by said Geo. G. Galleher in his will, and which land is near Hickory Grove, and adjoining the county road, Bailey Tyler, S. W. Hunt, jr., Polen and others, containing, more or less, 335 1/2 ACRES

TERMS:—One-third cash, one-third in one year and one-third in two years, the purchaser executing bonds, with interest from day of sale, for the deferred payments, with leave to anticipate said payments, and title to be retained until the purchase money is paid in full. E. E. GARRETT, ROBT. A. HUTCHISON, C. A. SINCLAIR, THOS. H. LION, H. THORNTON DAVIES, Commissioners.

I, Geo. G. Tyler, clerk of the circuit court for Prince William county, do certify that bond has been executed as required by the above decree. GEO. G. TYLER, Clerk.

AN APPEAL TO PATRIOTISM

(Continued from Page Six) We all want to be good law abiding citizens. We all want to think of the other fellow, our neighbor, and don't want to damage him by our carelessness.

We are Virginians, all loyal to our state. For the good of all, which is our good, we want to see millions added to the wealth of our state. On the barren, unused fields and hills of Virginia will spring a great industry, which will bring these millions, if we will obey this law.

Above all we are all patriotic in this dark hour, when the very life of our nation is at stake; and more. We are saying and backing it up, that every man where free government is threatened, or where free government should be established is our brother and we will fight and sacrifice for him, too. And Liberty will win.

But for years after the war the world will be short, it is said, of many things; meat and wool surely being on the list. Will old Virginia come up as time goes on with her share of these things the world will need?

If we will obey these laws in the letter and in the spirit—these much abused dog laws that have been a joke too long—our grand old state will have a chance to come up to her quota in the items named. Let us do it.

SAVE THE LAYER AND KILL THE SLACKER HEN

(Continued from Page Two) condition of the plumage; there is also a loss of fat due to laying which is especially evident in yellow skinned, yellow legged birds. Birds normally yellow in these sections in the spring have a bleached out look in the fall if they have been laying well, while the slacker retains this color to help set off her fine feathers.

A laying hen must have a good circulation, therefore must have a full bright red comb and wattles. The slacker hen may have a good circulation which will be indicated in the same way and which also adds to her attractive appearance.

Capacity is a necessary quality in a heavy laying hen. The supply of material required for egg production demands that the digestive system handle twice the food required for maintenance alone, and there must also be plenty of room for location of the egg factory and the egg in the process of development. This capacity is indicated by the wide spread of the pelvic bones and the perpendicular distance from the pelvic bones to the rear of the breast or keel bone.

In addition to the above characteristics the skin of a laying hen will be soft, silky and pliable, while the skin of the slacker is hard and dry.

In judging a hen for egg production no one of the above characteristics should be considered alone but proper value should be placed on all of them, giving due consideration to the conditions. It should also be remembered that as a first consideration a bird must be vigorous and healthy if it is to be able to lay well. Such a hen is the first off the roost in the morning and the last to go back at night. During the day particularly she will be found actively engaged and not loafing in a corner of the house or yard.

Call your flock. More poultry and eggs for home consumption means more beef and pork for our army and the allies.

"That's a fine job," says the satisfied customer, whose printing order has been filled by the Journal's job department. See our work and get our quotations on cards, letter heads, statements, envelopes, sale bills, programs, catalogs, etc. High grade printing in one or two colors. Satisfaction guaranteed.

TRUSTEES' SALE OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE

By virtue of an order of the District Court of the United States, for the Eastern District of Virginia, entered on the 7th day of January, 1918, in the matter of Rector & Hunt, bankrupts, the undersigned, J. S. Wilson, trustee in bankruptcy, and the undersigned, C. A. Sinclair, trustee under a certain deed of trust, duly recorded in the clerk's office of Prince William county clerk's office, executed by E. R. Rector and wife, in which H. B. Bear and Annie J. Speake are the beneficiaries, shall offer for sale, to the highest bidder, on the terms mentioned below, on

SATURDAY, SEPT. 21, 1918, in front of the Peoples National Bank of Manassas, Va., in the town of Manassas, at about 11 o'clock a. m., the following real estate, to wit: said trustees having by said order been ordered and directed to sell the same:

That certain tract of land lying and being situate about one mile east of the town of Haymarket, Prince William county, Va., on the east side of the Carolina road and bounded as follows: Beginning at 1, a point in center of Carolina road, opposite a stone by a post at intersection of fence on east side of said road, a corner to Osborne; thence with the said fence N. 82 E. 98.64 poles to 2, a stake and stone in Lightner's line; thence with Lightner N. 16 1/4 E. 83.4 poles to 3, a point in center of road leading to Catharpin, stone on south side thereof, a corner to Lightner; thence with middle of said road N. 81 W. 8 poles, S. 83 1/2 W. 60 poles to 4, turn in road 20 links from three red oaks, in angle of fence, corner to Utterback; thence N. 76 1/4 W. 474.7 poles to 6, the intersection of the Carolina road and 20 links north of a stone on east side of same, corner to Utterback in Depauw's line; thence with Carolina road S. 8 1/2 W. 36 poles, S. 19 E. 14 poles, S. 44 E. 34 poles, S. 23 1/2 E. 22 poles, S. 16 1/4 E. 24 poles, S. 8 1/2 E. 15.4 poles to the beginning and containing 80 ACRES, 3 roads and 25 poles.

TERMS OF SALE:—One-half cash on day of sale, and the balance upon a credit of one and two years, the purchaser to execute interest bearing bonds for the deferred payments and the title to be retained until the purchase money is paid in full.

This real estate will be sold free of liens. JOHN S. WILSON, Trustee in Bankruptcy. C. A. SINCLAIR, Trustee. Jno. P. Kerlin, Auc'r. 15

PUBLIC SALE OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE

Under and by virtue of a certain deed of trust executed on the first of December, 1914, and of record in deed book 66, pages 34-5, in the clerk's office of Prince William county, by A. C. Strother et ux, the undersigned trustee therein mentioned, having been so requested by the holders of the notes therein secured, in the payment of which notes and interest default has been made, will proceed to sell at public auction, to the highest bidder on

SATURDAY, SEPT. 28, 1918 at 12:15 o'clock, p. m., in front of the Peoples Bank, in the town of Manassas, aforesaid county, Virginia, all those two certain tracts or parcels of land, lying and being situate on the Langhayer Mill road, near Wellington, in Manassas district, aforesaid county, adjoining the lands of Larkin, Kelley, Flannery, St. Joseph Institute, and others, containing, more or less,

FIRST TRACT—120 ACRES SECOND TRACT—25 ACRES

Said tracts of land are more fully described in said trust. The 40-acre tract therein mentioned has heretofore been sold by said grantors. This is valuable property, and should be inspected by one desiring to purchase a good farm.

TERMS CASH. H. THORNTON DAVIES, Trustee. L. B. Pattie, Auc'r.

Manassas Transfer Co.,

W. S. ATHEY, Proprietor. Baggage, Furniture and all kinds of merchandise or other commodities promptly transferred or delivered.

The Journal—\$1—and worth it

Home Dressed and Western Meats Beef, Lamb, Veal and Pork GROCERIES FANCY AND STAPLE Cash Paid for Country Produce and Live Stock Conner's Market CONNER BUILDING MANASSAS, VA.

VICTROLAS The name means ALL. It is made by the Victor Talking Machine Co. Don't be deceived by some other—not all Cabinet Machines are Victrolas. Let me show you. Give me your order for Records. I have some in stock all the time. A little advance in price. GIVE ME A CALL. Watch Repairing and Fitting of Glasses. H. D. WENRICH JEWELRY STORE MANASSAS, VA.

Henry K. Field & Co., Lumber, Shingles, Laths, Doors, Sash, Blinds and Building Material OF ALL KINDS. ESTIMATES FURNISHED. Office: No. 115 N. Union Street. Factory: No. 111 N. Lee Street. ALEXANDRIA, VA

WATCH THIS SPACE NEXT WEEK SAUNDERS' MEAT MARKET Manassas, Virginia

COATS AND SUITS ARE NOW READY FOR YOUR INSPECTION We are showing this season the most up-to-date line of Ladies' Coats and Suits we have ever shown. Come in and give us a look before buying elsewhere. We can save you money. Our line of Ladies' and Children's Shoes is complete in all the different styles and colors, such as Browns, Grays, Blacks. Come in and get yours before they are all gone. CAMPER & JENKINS The Ladies' Store Manassas, Va.

CLIFTON

The Aid Society of the Presbyterian Church met at the home of Mr. and Mrs. R. R. Buckley Friday, August 23, with a good attendance, and all seemed to have a good time.

Mrs. Pyles, who has been critically ill in a Washington hospital, is reported to be getting better, with a chance for recovery.

Mr. and Mrs. Conrad Brinckman and two children, with Miss Nora Brinckman, were Sunday visitors at Mrs. Susie Brinckman's.

Miss Margaret White has returned to her home at McKenney, Va., after visiting Dr. J. H. Ferguson for some time.

Mrs. H. C. Johnson has returned to her home in Washington, after a fortnight's stay at Mrs. W. H. Richards.

Misses Christine and Eleanor Ferguson are visiting their brother in Baltimore for a few days and will visit friends and relatives in Washington before returning home.

Mr. and Mrs. Clyde Mathers, Mrs. Earl Mathers and Master Woodrow Mathers have returned from a visit to Palmyra and were accompanied by Miss Whilston, a sister of Mesdames Clyde and Earl Mathers.

Mrs. Earl Mathers, Mrs. Bessie Haycock and Miss Whilston have joined the Naval Reserve Force.

Mr. and Mrs. Fairfax Jones, of Richmond, motored to Clifton one day last week and stayed one night with their friends, Misses Sammon and Pace and next morning, on their return trip, they called at the Quigg farm to see where their butter came from. They have been having the butter sent by parcel post for about a year.

Mr. W. F. Ford and family spent Sunday with their daughter, Mrs. Lovelace, in Dumfries. Lewis Quigg took them in his Ford.

Mrs. Ballard and daughter, Mrs. Woody, were Washington visitors Tuesday.

Mr. Marvin Wilson was a Clifton visitor recently. Mr. Wilson has now on the Y. M. C. A. uniform.

Miss Miriam Buckley spent the week-end with Miss Sara Crewe at her home near Thoroughfare.

WATERFALL

A series of meetings are being held at Antioch Church. The pastor, Rev. W. L. Naff, is assisted by a former pastor of the church, Rev. C. Wirt Trainham, now of Bruington, Va. Services each morning at 11 o'clock and in the evening at 8:30.

Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Garrett and Billy, jr., spent Sunday with Mr. Garrett's parents in Fairfax. They were accompanied home by Mr. Edwin Garrett, who is spending a few days at "Bell Haven."

Mr. and Mrs. Loreborough Turner and small son, Loreborough III, were guests of Mr. and Mrs. Howard Bell on Sunday last.

Mr. William Small and daughters, Misses Lillian and Madeline Small, of Washington, spent the past week-end at "Oakshade."

Mr. and Mrs. William Weber and Miss Virginia Bell, of Washington, are spending this week at "Bell Haven."

Mr. Harry K. Pimper motored from Washington on Saturday and was a guest at "Oakshade" over Labor Day.

Miss Nellie Gosson returned on Tuesday from a short visit to relatives in Washington.

Miss Beatrice Kibler, of Marshall, is the guest of her brother and sister-in-law, Mr. and Mrs. Omar Kibler, at "Poplar Hill."

Mr. and Mrs. Lester McKinley are spending the week at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Howard Bell.

Mr. Harry Pimper and Miss

Rose Shirley were guests of Mrs. Ford Anderson in Warrenton on Sunday afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. Bob Foley, Miss Margaret Foley and Mrs. John Grant and children, of Warrenton, were guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Smith on Sunday.

Mrs. Omar Kibler was a Manassas visitor on Tuesday.

Mr. Eaken Grant, of Washington, is the guest of Mr. Noeie Gosson, jr.

Mr. G. W. Shirley spent Thursday in Manassas.

FORESTBURG

Miss Etta Tapscott returned to her home Wednesday.

Mrs. Susie Duvals, of Washington, returned to her home after a visit with Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Tapscott.

Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Dunn, Mr. and Mrs. W. E. King and Miss Arzullah Dunn visited at the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Syncox Sunday.

Miss Beatrice Abel has returned to her home after a visit with relatives in Washington.

Mr. and Mrs. W. E. King returned to their home in Washington after a visit with Mrs. Chas. Dunn.

Miss Myrtle Abel spent the week-end with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. T. Abel.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Rothwell called Sunday at the home of Mr. and Mrs. John Barr.

Mr. George Jones, of Washington, spent the week-end at the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Tapscott, of Oak Grove.

Mr. C. C. Dunn called at the home of Mr. Frank Abel Sunday afternoon.

Mr. W. C. Williams and Misses Gertie and Etta Tapscott were in Quantico Sunday evening.

Miss Violet Abel has accepted a position at the Post Laundry at Quantico.

Mr. and Mrs. Will Milstead and children called at the home of Mr. Fush Abel Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Dunn and daughter, Ruth, returned to their home in Washington Monday evening.

Miss Julia Cato has resigned her position at the Post Laundry at Quantico.

BRENTSVILLE

Mr. David Keys is visiting in Washington.

Miss Eunice Harris, of Washington, visited her parents here Sunday.

Mr. Clyde Wolf is quite sick at his home here.

Mrs. Price, who has been visiting her parents, has returned home. Her mother, Mrs. J. N. Owens, returned home with her and is visiting in Washington.

Little Jack Biser is visiting his mother in Washington.

Miss Minnie Keys, who has been spending some time with her brother at Independent Hill, has returned home.

Mr. Shipps and family motored to Marshall for the week-end.

Mrs. G. B. McDonald visited relatives at Happy Creek, Warren county, this week.

Miss Frances McDonald is visiting her grandparents at Happy Creek.

Rev. Barnett Grimalley opened a series of meetings at Hatcher Memorial Church here on Monday last. He is assisted by Rev. Cole of Culpeper.

For Rent.—Jan. 1st, 1919, on shares, 250 acre farm, consisting of good, strong land. This farm can be rented for a term of years, but only to a party able to furnish horses, labor and machinery. Renter must be willing to take an active, working part in the contract, and have two or more sons, old enough and experienced enough, to work as necessary farm labor. If rented, renter must sow wheat crop this fall. References as to ability and integrity required. Address Lock Box 115, care The Journal, Manassas, Va.

STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS OF PRINCE WILLIAM COUNTY

WILLIAM COUNTY

COUNTY FUND

RECEIPTS

Table with 2 columns: Description and Amount. Includes items like July 1, 1917, balance due fund, August 23, 1918, Delinquent personal tax, N. Sayers estate, etc.

Total receipts \$15,247.85

EXPENDITURES

Table with 2 columns: Description and Amount. Includes items like Committee, settling with treasurer, Capture of fugitives, Superintendent of Schools, Land damages, etc.

Total due this fund July 1, 1918 \$1,078.01

BENTSVILLE DISTRICT ROAD FUND

RECEIPTS

Table with 2 columns: Description and Amount. Includes items like July 1, 1917, balance due fund, December collection of taxes, etc.

Total receipts \$4,152.90

EXPENDITURES

Table with 2 columns: Description and Amount. Includes items like Work on roads, Oil, grease, etc., Pipes, Machinery, etc.

Total expenditures \$2,282.60

COLES DISTRICT ROAD FUND

RECEIPTS

Table with 2 columns: Description and Amount. Includes items like July 1, 1917, balance due fund, December collection of taxes, etc.

Total receipts \$1,532.14

EXPENDITURES

Table with 2 columns: Description and Amount. Includes items like Work on roads, Oil, gas, grease, etc., Reconstruction work, etc.

Total expenditures 1,114.50

July 1, 1918, balance due fund \$417.64

DUMFRIES DISTRICT ROAD FUND

RECEIPTS

Table with 2 columns: Description and Amount. Includes items like July 1, 1917, balance due fund, H. B. Hutchison, omitted taxes, etc.

Total receipts \$1,928.43

EXPENDITURES

Table with 2 columns: Description and Amount. Includes items like Work on roads, Oil, etc., Loaned to maintenance fund, etc.

Total expenditures \$2,055.90

July 1, 1918, balance due fund \$1,847.59

GAINESVILLE DISTRICT ROAD FUND

RECEIPTS

Table with 2 columns: Description and Amount. Includes items like July 1, 1917, balance due fund, December collection of taxes, etc.

Total receipts \$3,909.07

EXPENDITURES

Table with 2 columns: Description and Amount. Includes items like Work on roads, Oil, etc., Damage to fence, etc.

Total expenditures \$1,834.68

July 1, 1918, Balance due fund \$2,074.39

MANASSAS DISTRICT ROAD FUND

RECEIPTS

Table with 2 columns: Description and Amount. Includes items like July 1, 1917, balance due fund, December collections of taxes, etc.

Total receipts \$5,976.23

EXPENDITURES

Table with 2 columns: Description and Amount. Includes items like Work on roads, Oil, gas, etc., Cement tile, etc.

Total expenditures 5,198.10

July 1, 1918, balance due fund \$778.13

OCOQUAN DISTRICT ROAD FUND

Table with 2 columns: Description and Amount. Includes items like July 1, 1917, balance due fund, December collection of taxes, etc.

Total receipts \$2,944.40

EXPENDITURES

Table with 2 columns: Description and Amount. Includes items like Work on roads, Oil, gas, etc., Loaned maintenance fund, etc.

Total expenditures 2,353.42

July 1, 1918, balance due fund \$1,592.98

SPECIAL ROAD FUND

RECEIPTS

Table with 2 columns: Description and Amount. Includes items like July 1, 1917, balance due fund, December collections, etc.

Total receipts \$2,345.96

EXPENDITURES

Table with 2 columns: Description and Amount. Includes items like Repairs to engines and tractors, Salaries of assistant superintendents, etc.

Total expenditures \$11,724.16

July 1, 1918, balance due fund \$521.59

OCOQUAN DISTRICT BOND ISSUE

Table with 2 columns: Description and Amount. Includes items like July 1, 1917, balance due fund \$5,000.00

EXPENDITURES

Table with 2 columns: Description and Amount. Includes items like Halley & Boatwright, Halley & Boatwright, etc.

Total expenditures 5,000.00

July 1, 1918, account squared

PERMANENT ROAD MAINTENANCE FUND

RECEIPTS

Table with 2 columns: Description and Amount. Includes items like July 1, 1917, balance due fund \$2,743.91

Total receipts \$7,004.97

EXPENDITURES

Table with 2 columns: Description and Amount. Includes items like Woodbridge-Stafford County line road, Milford Mills-Manassas road, etc.

Total expenditures \$4,486.54

July 1, 1918, balance due this fund \$2,518.13